









Product video is available on the website

See the Reverse–Spin® Technology — Innovative Principle of Microbial Cultivation on page 130 of the catalog

Users articles: biosan.lv/report

	RTS-1	RTS-1C
Theoretically possible measurement range in OD ₈₅₀ , at 10 ml working volume*: Rod shaped bacteria (e.g. <i>E.coli</i>) Yeast (e.g. <i>P. pastoris</i>)	0-25 (0−45.6 OD‱ equivalent**) 0-50 (0−75 OD‱ equivalent)	
E.coli BL21 Factory calibration measurement range, in OD ₈₅₀ : at 10–20 ml volume at 20–30 ml volume	0 – 10 OD (0 – 19 OD ₆₀₀ equivalent) 0 – 8 OD (0 – 15.2 OD ₆₀₀ equivalent)	
Factory calibration measurement precision	±0.3 OD ₈₅₀	
Mass transfer coefficient kLa (h-1)	Up to $350 \pm 26 h^{-1}$ at 5 ml	
Measurement Wavelength (λ)	850 ± 15 nm	
Light source	LED	
Real time measurement (minutes)	1 – 60	
Temperature setting range	+25 °C +70 °C (increment 0.1 °C)	+4 °C +70 °C (increment 0.1 °C)
Bottom control range point	5 °C above ambient	15 °C below ambient
Top control range point	70 ℃	
Stability	±0.1°C	
Sample temperature accuracy: 20 °C - 45 °C < 20 °C > 45 °C	± 1 ± 2 ± 3	
Sample temperature heating/cooling rate	0.7 °C/min	
Sample volume	5 – 30 ml	
Speed control range	50 – 2,000 rpm (increment 10 rpm)	
Speed control precision	±15 rpm	
Reverse Spin Time (seconds)	1-60 (increment 1 s)	
Display	LCD	
Minimum PC requirements	Intel/AMD Processor, 1 GB RAM, Windows XP***/Vista/7/8/8.1/10, 2.0 USB port	
Optimal PC requirements	Intel/AMD Processor, 3 GB RAM, Windows 7/8/8.1/10, 2.0 USB port	
Overall dimensions (W×D×H)	130×212×200 mm	
Weight	1.7 kg	2.2 kg
Input current / power consumption	12 V DC, 3.3 A / 40 W	12 V DC, 5 A / 60 W
External power supply	Input AC 100–240 V 50/60 Hz; Output DC 12 V	

^{* —} Highest k_La (h⁻¹) is achieved at 5 ml working volume which is optimal for aerobic cultivation

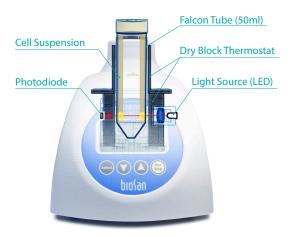


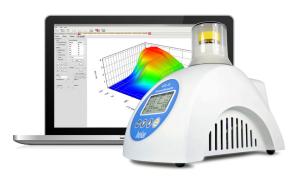
Australian distributors: Fisher Biotec Australia free call: 1800 066 077 email: info@fisherbiotec.com web: www.fisherbiotec.com

^{** —} Conversion coefficients from OD850 to OD600 vary between strains and phases of growth

 $[\]ensuremath{^{***}}$ — Not guaranteed because OS not supported by producer







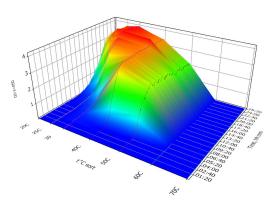


Figure 1. 3D graph of *E.coli BL21* growth kinetics showing the effect of different temperatures in 7 parallel RTS bioreactors.

RTS-1 and RTS-1C are personal bioreactors that utilize patented Reverse-Spin* technology that applies non-invasive, mechanically driven, low energy consumption, innovative type of agitation where cell suspension is mixed by the singleuse falcon bioreactor tube rotation around its axis with a change of direction of rotation motion resulting in highly efficient mixing and oxygenation for aerobic cultivation. Combined with a near-infrared optical system it is possible to register cell growth kinetics non-invasively in real time.

- Reverse–Spin® mixing principle in 50 ml falcon tubes allows to achieve high k_La (h⁻¹) up to 450 which is essential for efficient aerobic cultivation
- Individually controlled bioreactor accelerates optimization process
- Possibility to cultivate microaerophilic and obligate anaerobic microorganisms (not strict anaerobic conditions)
- Reverse–Spin® mixing principle enables non-invasive biomass measurement in real time
- Near-infrared optical system makes it possible to register cell growth kinetics
- Free of charge software for storage, demonstration and analysis of data in real time
- Compact design with low profile and small footprint for personal application
- · Temperature control for bioprocess applications
- Active cooling for rapid temperature control, e.g. for temperature fluctuation experiments
- Task profiling for process automatization
- Cloud data storage to remotely monitor the process of cultivation while at home or using a mobile phone

SOFTWARE FEATURES:

- · Real-Time cell growth logging
- 3D graphical representation of OD or growth rate over time over unit
- Pause option
- · Save/Load option
- · Report option: PDF and Excel
- Connect up to 12 units (recommended) simultaneously to 1 computer
- Remote monitoring option (requires internet connection)
- · Cycling/Profiling options
- User manual calibration possibility for most cells

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS:

- · Fermentation real time growth kinetics
- · Clone candidate screening
- · Protein expression
- Temperature stress and fluctuation experiments
- · Media screening and optimization
- · Growth characterization
- Inhibition and toxicity tests
- · Strain quality control

ORDERING INFORMATION: Cat. number

RTS-1C including TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50, TPP®, 20 pcs. RTS-1 including TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50, TPP®, 20 pcs.

Optional accessories: TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50, TPP®, 20 pcs.

TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50, TPP®, 20 pcs.
TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50, TPP®, 180 pcs.
USB 2.0 Hub 10 × ports

BS-010160-A04 BS-010158-A04

BS-010158-AK BS-010158-CK BS-010158-BK



Recommendations for creating personal settings for cultivation of microorganisms. Points that should be considered:

CELL GROWTH DEPENDING ON ROTATION INTENSITY

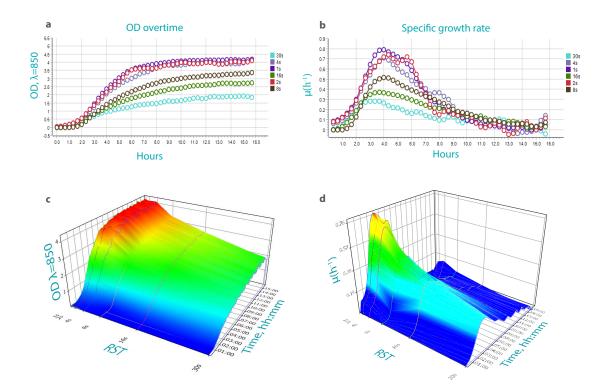


Figure 2, a-c. Influence of Reverse Spin Time (RST) on growth kinetics of *E.coli BL21* in OD₆₀₀. (a-c) Biomass growth; (b-d) Specific growth rate; throughout cultures were grown in 50 ml TPP Bioreaktor tubes, 30% filling volume, 2000 RPM, RST 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 30 seconds, LB medium and 37 °C temperature, to convert OD₈₅₀ to OD₆₀₀ simply multiply OD₈₅₀ by 1.9.

It is known that the aerobic bacterial growth is influenced by efficient gas exchange. Figure 2 a-c, serves as an example of growth optimization and illustrates the relationship between RST and gas exchange. As RST decreased the specific growth rate and biomass yield increased, thus the highest aeration and optimal growth conditions for *E.coli BL21* were optimized at 2000 RPM 1 s RST.







k_La (h⁻¹) RESULTS IN RTS-1/C

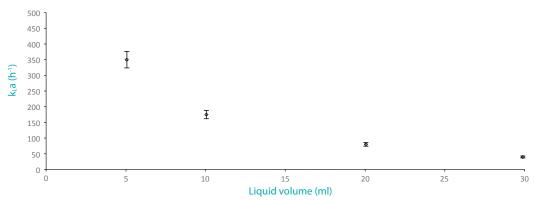


Figure 3. Determination of k_La in 50 ml TPP Bioreaktor tubes. The bioreactor vessels were filled with 5, 10, 20, 30 ml deionized water, and measurements were made by non-invasive O_2 sensors and optics (PreSens, Regensburg, Germany) at 37 °C using the gassing-out method. Mean and standard deviation of at least five independent experiments are shown.

The k_La was measured in 5, 10, 20, 30 mL of deionized water in 50 ml TPP Bioreaktor tubes at agitation rate of 2000 rpm and 1 s RST, this agitation rate was found optimal for Reverse–Spin® mixing principle during initial optimization studies. Over the working volume range, the k_La increased with the decrease of liquid volume (Figure 3). At smallest working volume of 5 ml, the highest k_La of 350 \pm 26 h⁻¹ was reached.

CELLS SUCCESSFULLY CULTIVATED

Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Pichia pastoris, Yarrowia lipolytica, Bacillus subtilis, Escherichia coli, Lactobacillus acidophilus, Bifidobacterium bifidum, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Hybridoma, Jurkat and CHO cells.

TYPES OF RECOMMENDED TUBES

For aerobic microorganisms, it is recommended to use tubes that are supplied by TPP - TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50ml. For obtaining optimal results growing aerotolerant anaerobes, it is required to seal the screw cap of TPP TubeSpin® Bioreactor 50ml by tape or purchase TPP TubeSpin® 50ml falcon tubes without the membrane filter. It is also possible to use other manufacturer tubes of the same type, e.g. Corning® 50ml Mini Bioreactor, but the device rotor must be modified. It is possible to request this specific modification.

FACTORY CALIBRATION PARTICLE SIZE AND CALIBRATION COEFFICIENTS 600nm/850nm

Factory calibration of the instrument is designed for rod-shaped bacteria size of *E.coli BL21*. In case of exceeding this size, the measurement system will not work correctly. Optical density OD_{850} to OD_{600} conversion coefficient of the factory calibration is equal to 1.9.

FACTORY CALIBRATION GROWTH PHASE INFLUENCE ON MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

During the growth transition of Escherichia coli culture from the exponential growth to the stationary phase, a number of morphological and physiological changes take place, including cell volume decrease and cell shape change. Therefore, if cells taken for referent measurement using spectrophotometer at different stages from stationary phase then the correctness of measurement will be worse than specified.

CONVERSION RATE COEFFICIENT OF USER CALIBRATION

Optical density OD_{850} to OD_{600} nm conversion rate coefficient depends on the cell size and volume. Therefore, the coefficient will be different for other cell size. The device can be calibrated at desired reference wavelength to meet the needs of the user, e.g. OD_{600} .

DO YOU WANT TO TEST THIS SYSTEM?

We can provide demo units for 50% the price for testing or creating an application note. For such inquiries please contact our R&D department directly at igor@biosan.lv.

