FAVORGEN[®] FavorPrep[™] 96-well Genomic DNA Kit

(For Research Use Only)

Kit Contents/ Cat. No.:	FADWE96001 1 plate	FADWE96002 2 plates	FADWE96004 4 plates	
FATG1 Buffer	30 ml	65 ml	65 ml X 2	
FATG2 Buffer	30 ml	65 ml	65 ml X 2	
W1 Buffer	33 ml ^Φ	66 ml ^{ቀቀ}	66 ml X 2 ^{ቀቀ}	
Wash Buffer (concentrated)	15 ml*	35 ml**	35 ml X 2 **	
Elution Buffer	30 ml	60 ml	60 ml X 2	
Proteinase K	24 mg†	48 mg ⁺⁺	48 mg X 2 ^{††}	
Filter Plate (96-Well DNA binding plate) 1 plate	2 plates	4 plates	
96-Well 2 ml Plate	3 plate	6 plates	12 plates	
96-Well PCR plate	1 plate	2 plates	4 plates	
Adhesive Film	2 pcs	4 pcs	8 pcs	

 ϕ_* Add required ethanol (96~100%) to W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer when first open.

	FADWE96001	FADWE96002 & FADWE96004	
Ethanol volume for W1 Buffer	φ 12 ml	$\varphi \varphi$ 24 ml / each bottle	
Ethanol volume for Wash Buffer	* 60 ml	** 140 ml/ each bottle	

† Add required ddH2O to Proteinase K bottle and disslove well. Store the prepared proteinase K at 4 °C.

	FADWE96001	FADWE96002 & FADWE96004
ddH2O volume for Proteinase K	† 2.4 ml	†† 4.8 ml/ each bottle

Quality Control

The quality of 96-Well Genomic DNA Kit is tested on a lot-to-lot basis. The purified DNA is checked by agarose gel analysis and quantified with spectrophotometer.

Specification:

Principle: 96- well DNA Binding Plate (silica membrane) Sample size/ preparation : up to 200 µl of fresh/ frozen blood per well up to 25 mg of animal tissue up to 5×10^7 animal cultured cells up to 10 bacterial cultured cells Processing: centrifugation protocol or vacuum & centrifugation protocol Operation time: < within 90 min/ 96 preparation DNA Binding capacity: up to 30 µg/ well Elution volume: 100 ~200 µl

Important Notes:

1. Buffers provided in this system contain irritants. Wear gloves and lab coat when handling these buffers.

- 2. The maxium sample size is described on specification, do not use the sample more than the limitation. 3. Add ethanol (96~100 %) to W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer when first open.
- 4. Add ddH2O to proteinase K to prepare the 10 mg/ml proteinase K solution and store the solution at 4 °C
- 5. Prepare two dry baths or two water baths to 60 °C and 70 °C before the operation.

6. Preheat the Elution Buffer to 65 °C for DNA elution.

Brief procedure:

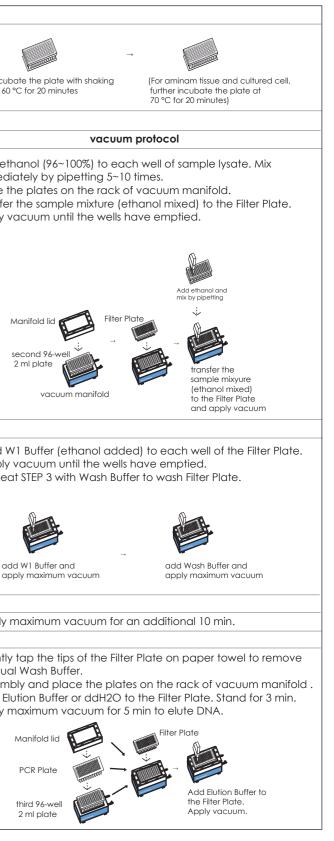
Material to be provided by user for a 96-well preparation

- 1. Centrifuge equiment with a swing -bucket rotor and adaptor for 96-well plate, capable of at least 5,600 ~ 6,000 X g.
- 2. Vacuun manifold for 96-well plate and a vaccum source
- 3.96~100% ethanol
- 4.65 °C and 70 °C waterbaths or dry baths

STEP 1: Sample Lysis	
First 96-well 2 ml plate →	→
Add Lysis Buffer and Seal with Adhesive Film. Proteinase K to sample pellet	Incu at 60
STEP 2: Bind DNA to Filter Plate:	
centrifuge protocol	
 Add ethanol (96~100%) to each well of sample lysate. Mix immediately by pipetting 5~10 times. Assembly plates Transfer the sample mixture (ethanol mixed) to the Filter Plate. Place the combined plates in a rotor bucket and centrifuge at 4,500 - 6,000 x g for 5 min. 	 Add ei immec Place Transfe Apply
Add ethanol and mix by pipeting	
Filter Plate Filter Plate	
STEP 3: Wash Filter Plate Twice: (W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer)
 Add W1 Buffer (ethanol added) to each well of the Filter Plate. Place the Filter plate combined with the second 96-well plate in a rotor bucket and centrifuge at 4,500 – 6,000 x g for 15 min. Repeat STEP 3 with Wash Buffer to wash Filter Plate. 	· Add \ · Apply · Repe
add W1 Buffer centrifuge add Wash Buffer centrifuge	a
STEP 4: Dry the membranes of Filter Plate:	1
\cdot Place the combined plate at 70 °C for 10 min.	 Apply
STEP 5: DNA Elution:	
 Assembly plates. Add Elution Buffer or ddH2O to the Filter Plate. Stand for 3 min. Centrifuge at 4,500 – 6,000 x g for 5 min to elute DNA. 	 Gentl residu Assem Add E Apply
Filter Plate	
third 96-well 2 ml plate	



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Protocol: (centrifugation processing)

- using centrifuging force to handle DNA binding step and washing steps.

Material to be provided by user for a 96-well preparation

1. Centrifuge equiment with a swing -bucket rotor and adaptor for 96-well plate, capable of at least 5,600

~ 6,000 X a.

2.96~100% ethanol

3. Preheat required Elution Buffer (50~100 µl per well) at 60 °C. (For Step 4 DNA elution)

Please Read Important Notes Before Starting The Following Steps. STEP 1: Sample lysis

• Whole Blood

- Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate (provided).
- Apply 200 µl of blood sample to each well and mix by pipetting. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- Incubate at 60 °C for 20 min.
- \cdot Proceed to STEP 2.

Animal Tissue

- Add 200 µl FATG1 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate(provided).
- Cut up to 25 mg of animal tissues (or 0.5 cm of mouse tail) and transfer into each well. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- \cdot Incubate the plate with shaking at 60°C for 1~2 hours or more time until the tissue sample is lysed completely.
- If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 5 µl of RNase A (50 mg/ml, not provided) to each well and incubate at room temperature for 4 min.
- Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer to each well and mix by shaking. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- Incubate the plate with shaking at 70 °C for 20 min until the sample lysate is clear.
- If there are insoluble material present following incubation, centrifuge the plate for 5 min at full speed and transfer the supernatants to a new 96-Well 2 ml plate (not provided).
- \cdot Proceed to STEP 2.

• Aminal Cultured Cell

- Transfer the cultured cells to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate (provided).
- \cdot Centrifuge at 1,000 x g for 10 min to pellet the cells, discard the supernatant.
- Add 200 µl FATG1 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well and resuspend the pellet by pipetting.
- Seal with adhesive film and incubate the plate with shaking at 60°C for 10~20 min to lyse the sample.
- If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 5 µl of RNase A (50 mg/ml, not provided) to each well and incubate at room temperature for 4 min.
- Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer to each well. Seal with Adhesive Film and mix by shaking.
- Incubate the plate with shaking at 70 °C for 20 min until the sample lysate is clear.
- \cdot Proceed to STEP 2.

STEP 2: DNA Binding

- Add 200 µl ethanol (96~100%) to each well of sample lysate. Mix immediately by pipetting 5~10 times.
- Place a Filter Plate (96-Well Plasmid Plate) on top of the second 96-Well 2 ml Plate (provided).
- Remove the Adhesive Film from the first 96-well 2 ml plate. Transfer the clear lysate (supernatant) to the Filter Plate
- Place the combined plate (Filter Plate combined with the second 96-Well 2 ml plate) in a rotor bucket and centrifuge at $4,500 - 6,000 \times g$ for 5 min.
- Discard the flow-through and return the Filter Plate to the second 96-Well 2 ml Plate.

STEP 3: Wash Filter Plate Twice (W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer)

- Add 350 µl of W1 Buffer (ethanol added) to each well of the Filter Plate.
- Place the combined plate (Filter Plate combined with the second 96-Well 2 ml plate) in a rotor bucket and centrifuge at 4,500 – 6,000 xg for 15 min.
- Add 650 µl of Wash Buffer (ethanol added) to each well of the Filter Plate.
- Place the combined plate (Filter Plate combined with the second 96-Well 2 ml plate) in a rotor bucket and centrifuge at 4,500 - 6,000 xa for 15 min.
- Discard the second 96-Well 2 ml plate and the flow-through.

STEP 4: Dry the membranes of Filter Plate

• Place the Filter Plate on top of the third 96-Well 2 ml plate (provided) and incubate at 65 °C for 10 min.

STEP 5: DNA Elution

- Apart the combined plate of step 6.
- Place a 96-well PCR Plate (provided) on top of the third 96-Well 2 ml Plate and place the Filter Plate on the 96-Well PCR plate. (top: Filter Plate, middle: 96-well PCR Plate, bottom: 96-Well 2 ml plate)
- Add 100 ~ 200 µl of Elution Buffer or ddH2O (pH8.0-8.5) to the membrane center of the Filter Plate. Stand for 3 min until Elution Buffer or ddH2O has been absorbed by the membrane completely.
- Place the combined plate in a rotor bucket and centrifuge for 5 min at 4,500 6,000 x g for 5 min to elute DNA to the 96-well PCR plate.

Protocol: (Vacuum processing)

- using vacuum force to handle DNA binding step and washing steps.

Material to be provided by user for a 96-well preparation

- 1. Centrifuge equiment with a swing -bucket rotor and adaptor for 96-well plate, capable of at least 5,600 ~ 6,000 X g.
- 2. Vacuun manifold for 96-well plate and a vaccum source. 3.96~100% ethanol

Please Read Important Notes Before Starting The Following Steps. STEP 1: Sample lysis

• Whole Blood

- Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate (provided).
- Apply 200 µl of blood sample to each well and mix by pipetting. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- Incubate at 60 °C for 20 min.
- Proceed to STEP 2.

Animal Tissue

- Add 200 µl FATG1 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate(provided).
- Cut up to 25 mg of animal tissues (or 0.5 cm of mouse tail) and transfer into each well. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- Incubate the plate with shaking at 60° C for 1~2 hours or more time until the tissue sample is lysed completely.
- If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 5 µl of RNase A (50 mg/ml, not provided) to each well and incubate at room temperature for 4 min.
- · Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer to each well and mix by shaking. Seal with Adhesive Film.
- Incubate the plate with shaking at 70 °C for 20 min until the sample lysate is clear.
- If there are insoluble material present following incubation, centrifuge the plate for 5 min at full speed and transfer the supernatants to a new 96-Well 2 ml plate (not provided).
- Proceed to STEP 2.

Aminal Cultured Cell

- Transfer the cultured cells to each well of the first 96-well 2 ml plate (provided).
- Centrifuge at 1,000 x g for 10 min to pellet the cells, discard the supernatant.
- Add 200 µl FATG1 Buffer and 20 µl Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) to each well and resuspend the pellet by pipetting.
- Seal with adhesive film and incubate the plate with shaking at 60°C for 10~20 min to lyse the sample.
- If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 5 µl of RNase A (50 mg/ml, not provided) to each well and incubate at room temperature for 4 min.
- Add 200 µl FATG2 Buffer to each well. Seal with Adhesive Film and mix by shaking.
- Incubate the plate with shaking at 70 °C for 20 min until the sample lysate is clear.
- Proceed to STEP 2.

STEP 2: DNA Binding

- · Add 200 µl ethanol (96~100%) to each well of sample lysate. Mix immediately by pipetting 5~10 times.
- place a Filter Plate (96-well plasmid Plate, provided) on top of the second 96-Well 2 ml plate.
- Remove the Adhesive Film from the first 96-well 2 ml plate. Transfer the clear lysate (supernatant) to the Filter Plate.
- · Apply vacuum until the wells have emptied.

STEP 3: Wash Filter Plate Twice (W1 Buffer and Wash Buffer)

- · Add 350 µl of W1 Buffer (ethanol added) to each well of the Filter Plate. Apply vacuum until the wells have emptied.
- · Add 650 µl of Wash Buffer (ethanol added) to each well of the Filter Plate.
- · Apply vacuum until the wells have emptied.

STEP 4: Dry the membranes of Filter Plate

- Apply maximum vacuum for an additional 10 min to dry the membranes of Filter Plate.
- · Discard the second 96-Well 2 ml plate and the flow-through.

STEP 5: DNA Elution

- Gently tap the tips of the Filter Plate on paper towel to remove residual Wash Buffer. · place a 96-well PCR Plate (provided) on top of the third 96-Well 2 ml Plate (provided). Place the combined plate
- on the rack of vacuum manifold and cover the manifold lid. place the Filter Plate on top of the 96-well PCR Plate.
- · Add 100 ~ 200 µl of Elution Buffer or ddH2O (pH8.0-8.5) to the membrane center of the Filter Plate. Stand for 3 min until Elution Buffer or ddH2O has been absorbed by the membrane completely.
- · Apply maximum vacuum for 5 min to elute to the 96-well PCR plate.

· Place the scond 96-Well 2 ml plate (provided) on the rack of vacuum manifold and cover the manifold lid. And